ACUTE KIDNEY INJURY: Risk and Prevention Guidance for Secondary Care



Patient AKI Risk Factors

Age > 75 yrs Chronic kidney disease

Previous AKI Diabetes mellitus

Heart failure Vascular disease

Liver disease Cognitive impairment

AKI Risk Events

Sepsis e.g. Pneumonia, cellulitis, UTI etc

Toxins e.g. NSAIDs, Gentamicin, Herbal remedies

Hypotension *e.g.* relative to baseline BP

Hypovolaemia e.g. haemorrhage, vomiting, diarrhoea

Major Surgery planned or emergency

In the presence of a risk event and one or more risk factors, activate STOP AKI Prevention Care Bundle (inform patients/carers of risk as appropriate)

Sepsis – if suspected screen and treat promptly– SEPSIS 6

Toxins – avoid if at risk of AKI e.g. Gentamicin, NSAIDs, IV iodinated contrast

Optimise BP/volume status – avoid/correct hypovolaemia, review BP medications

Prevent harm – daily U&Es, fluid balance and medication review

Sepsis



If sepsis suspected - Sepsis 6 as per local policy

- Blood cultures
- Urine output monitoring and U&Es
- Fluids as clinically indicated
- Antibiotics as per local guidelines
- Lactate level
- Oxygen sats monitoring

Toxins



Avoid, if possible exposure to potential toxins

- Medications e.g. NSAIDs, gentamicin, amphotericin
- IV iodinated contrast, discuss with radiology, consider alternative imaging, if required volume expand with IV fluids as per local guideline

Optimise Blood Pressure



Establish baseline BP

Review anti-hypertensive medication

If hypotensive consider withholding

- antihypertensives e.g. ACE inhibitors, Angiotensin Receptor Blockers
- **diuretics**

Optimise Volume Status



Assess volume status

Maintain adequate fluid intake

Consider IV fluids if hypovolaemic

Resuscitation Fluids 250-500mls IV crystalloid bolus over 15 mins review response

Prevent Harm



Daily review of

- U&Es until no longer at risk
- Fluid balance input and output and daily weights
- Medications review doses of drugs metabolised and removed by kidneys e.g. Penicillins, Digoxin, Metformin, Opiates